

Using problem-solving strategies e.g., summarising, finding relevant & ignoring irrelevant data, searching for clues, working backward and trial and error.

Estimation and mental maths are essential for everyday numeracy.

Assessment grades are given as a fraction rather than a percentage

Y is a variable, a quantity that can be changed and is not fixed.



Numeracy-rich classrooms e.g. clock, a number line, a glossary of maths terms, and calculators highlight how important numeracy is in everyday life.

Mental maths and using maths eyes are used to build knowledge about numbers and numerical relationships.

Recording where numeracy occurs emphasises the importance of maths in everyday life.

Calculation uses
addition, subtraction,
multiplication and
division.



"Life is a math equation. In order to gain the most, you have to know how to convert negatives into positives."